



Meeting #3: Lizards

Homework

Anchoring in Christ Character Activity



Memorize Ephesians 6:1-3 (NKJV)

Children, obey your parents in the Lord, for this is right. Honor your father and mother, which is the first commandment with promise: "that it may be well with you and you may live long on the earth."

Lizard Worksheet

Do some research and complete the lizard worksheet.

Complete requirements for Lizards #1-2,6.

Find it, Bring it!

Small smooth flat rock to be used at club.

Will be used to complete requirements for Lizards #5.

Meeting #3: Lizards

Classwork



Special Guest: Lizard Lover!

Guest will explain what a lizard is, how to take care of them, and if possible, bring a lizard to show.

Completes requirements for Lizards #3-4.

Lizard Rocks

Paint a lizard on the rock that you brought to club.

Completes requirements for Lizards #5.

Optional: Clay Lizards

Make a lizard from polymer clay. (Lizards will need to be baked. Leaders can bake or send instructions home for parents to bake.)

Just for fun!



Lizards

*Reptiles (snakes, lizards, and turtles) and amphibians (salamanders, toads, and frogs) are called herpetofauna or "herps" for short. A person who studies herps is called a herpetologist.

Lizard True or False?

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|---|---|---|
| T | F | Lizards are scaled reptiles. |
| T | F | Lizards don't have legs. |
| T | F | Lizards are cold blooded (get body temperature from environment). |
| T | F | Lizards are moist skinned amphibians. |
| T | F | Lizards usually lay several eggs with a soft but firm shell. |
| T | F | Lizards are vegetarians. |
| T | F | Lizards live in all environments, except in extreme cold (north/south poles). |
| T | F | All lizards eat the same thing. |
| T | F | Lizard diets vary (plants, insects, and/or other larger animals). |
| T | F | The Bible lists lizards among the unclean creeping things (Lev. 11:29-30). |

Name these two Lizards found in Idaho:



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- Ranges from southern British Columbia, throughout WA, OR, NV, UT, and WY. Also found in western MT; northern CA and AZ; and some parts of MO and TX.
- More often found in areas with less tree and brush growth (such as areas that have been recently logged) as they tend to avoid heavily forested areas.
- Prey upon small invertebrates including spiders, insects (crickets, beetles, moths, grasshoppers), sow bugs, and other arthropods.
- Younger lizards have a blue tail that will darken with age. Diurnal and can perform autotomy (drop off tail) when caught.
- Live up to 10 Years



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- Occupy the northwest portion of the United States and extreme southern British Columbia.
 - Live in semi-arid plains to mountains with open-shrubby to openly-wooded landscapes.
 - Eats insects, primarily ants.
 - Only grow to be 1 ¼ to 2 ½ inch. It is a flat-bodied, snub-nosed, lizard with short legs. It has short spines crowning the head and the trunk is fringed by one row of pointed scales and, while the belly scales are smooth. The color is gray, yellowish, or reddish-brown, with two rows of large dark spots on the back.
 - Colors become more intense when threatened. Diurnal, most active in the evening.
 - Can live up to 8 years.
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